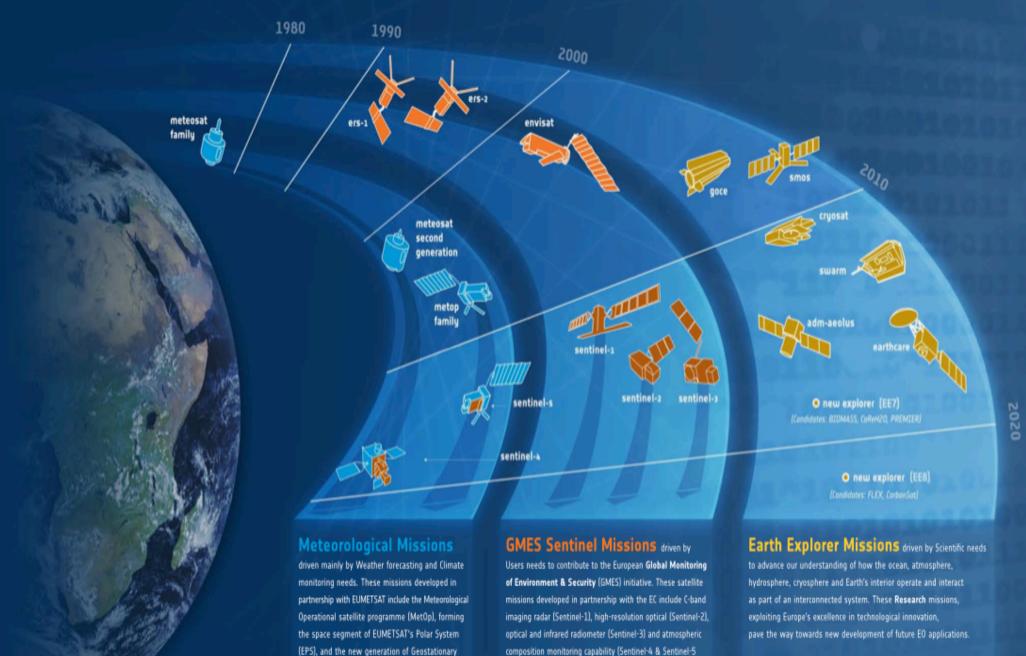
Brief overview of ESA EO Missions & Programmes

Pierre-Philippe Mathieu, ESA-EOP SAGOMA KO Meeting, 24 Nov, Liege, Belgium



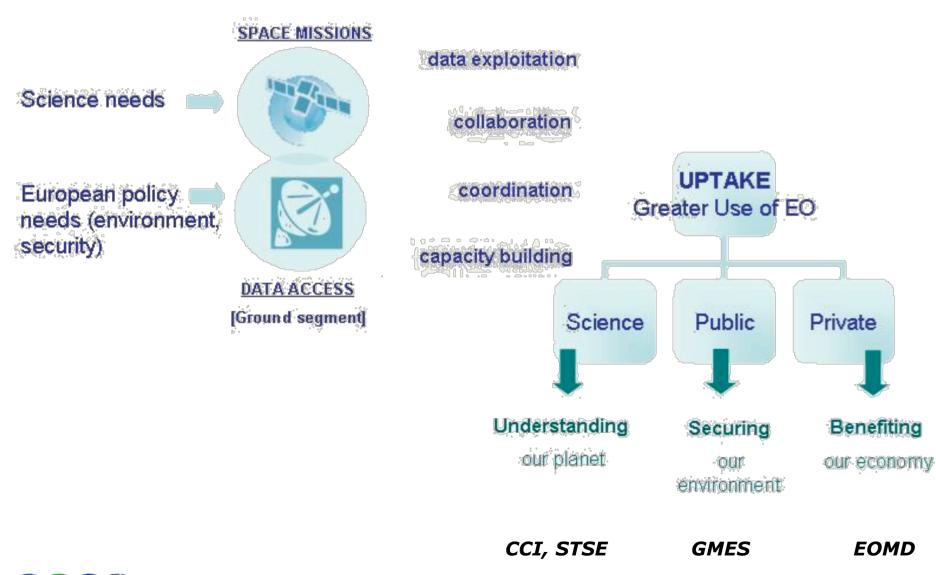


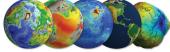


on board Met missions MTG and EPS-SG respectively).

Meteosat satellites (MSG & MTG satellites).

ESA EO: Overall Framework





ESA EO Exploitation Programmes



Support to Science Element (STSE)

STSE provides scientific support to both future and on-going missions by taking a proactive role in the formulation of novel mission concepts and by fostering innovation and promoting novel scientific results from existing and planned mission;

Develop Novel Mission Concepts

- 6 Projects exploring novel concepts addressing major gaps in observations (e.g., MicroWat, EO Convoy series);
- 2 Activities in support of ESAC recommendations to further advance promising but immature candidate Explorers (e.g., IRDAS);

Develop Novel Algorithms & Products

- More than 10 projects launched in support of the fast exploitation of the Explorers (GOCE+, SMOS+ and Cryostat+ series);
- 7 preparatory activities for the scientific exploitation of the Sentinels;
- 7 projects developing novel product and methods from ERS/Envisat;

Support to Earth System Science

• 20 projects launched in support of young scientist at post-doctoral level to undertake leading edge research activities addressing directly the 25 challenges of the Living Planet Programme.

Promote International Scientific Cooperation

- 9 projects developed in close collaboration with major international scientific programmes: GEWEX, iLEAPS, CliC, SPARC, SOLAS;
- 3 joint international conferences with GEWEX, iLEAPS and SOLAS;
- 3 special issues under preparation in international journals;



Promote International Collaboration via Projects



Exploring novel global multi-mission data products based on ESA data critical to the water cycle: Evapotranspiration, soil moisture, water vapour, surface solar irradiance and precipitation;





Fostering the development and integration of novel EO products into suitable couple models to enhance the characterisation of key land-atmosphere processes: 1) wetland dynamics and CH₄ emissions; 2) wildfire plume injection height and transport and 3) anthropogenic vs. natural aerosols.





Develop and validate novel products (mainly based on MERIS and ASAR) to characterise river and lake ice dynamics in northern latitudes and explore their impact in climate models and hydrology;

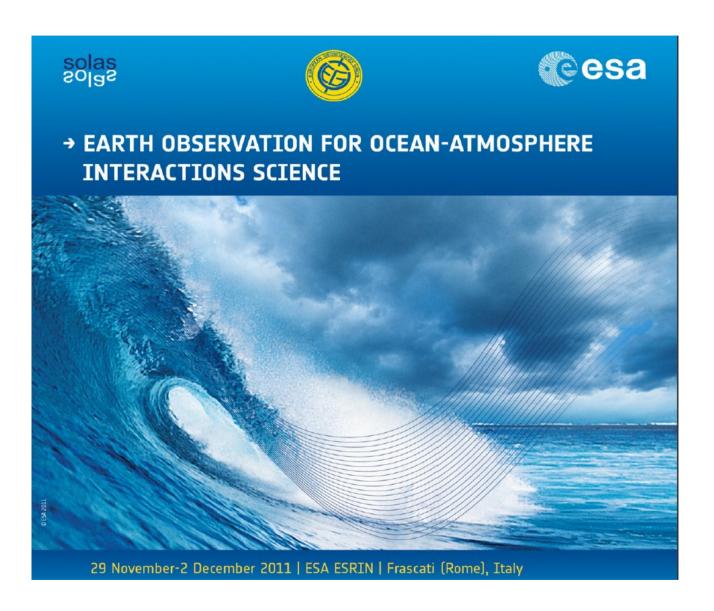




Fostering the integration of EO data into suitable couple models to enhance the characterisation of key ocean-atmosphere processes: 1) CO₂ fluxes; 2) Sea Spray and aerosols 3) understanding upwelling systems.







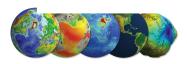


ESA Climate Change Initiative (CCI)

a global political framework

- GEOSS
 - coordinated global earth observations
 - · data sharing principles
- CEOS
 - satellite component
 - virtual constellations
- GCOS
 - authoritative requirements for climate
 - climate monitoring principles

for global earth observations



ESA Climate Change Initiative (CCI): Objectives

The objective of Climate Change Initiative is to realize the full potential of the **long-term global Earth Observation archives** that **ESA** together with its **Member states** have established over the last thirty years, as a significant **and** timely contribution to the **ECV** databases required by **UNFCCC**.

It will ensure that full capital is derived from ongoing and planned ESA missions for climate purposes, including **ERS, Envisat, the Earth Explorer** missions, relevant ESA-managed archives of **Third-Party Mission** data and, in due course, the **GMES Space Component**.

CCI Programme following Ministerial Council in 2008, about 75MEUR over 6 years

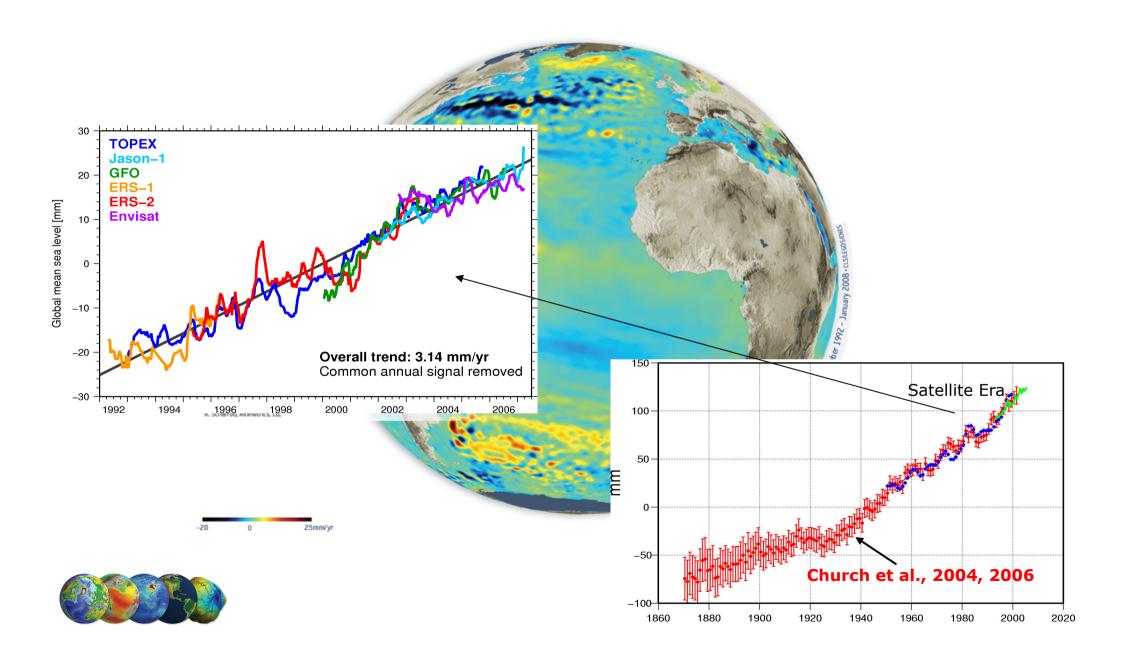
First step focus on

10 ECVs (Clouds, Ocean Colour, SST, Sea Level, Glacier, Fire Disturbances, Aerosol, GHG, Ozone, Land Cover)

+ 3 to be started (Sea-ice, Ice Sheet, Soil Moisture)

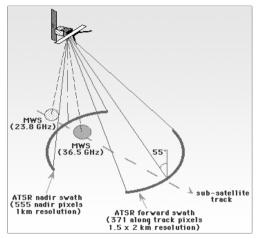


Global Mean Seal Level Rise

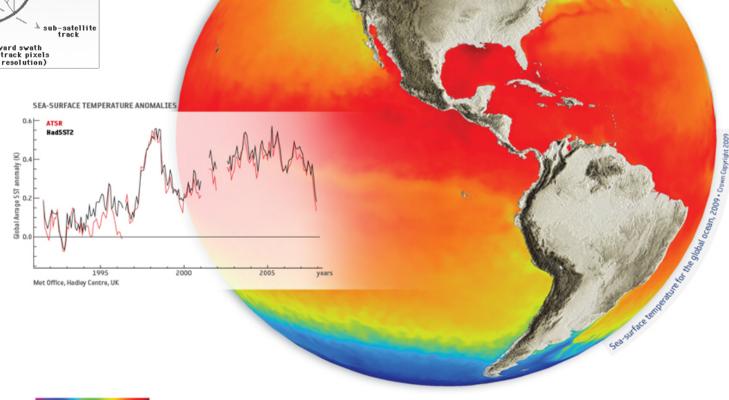


Global Ocean Warming

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 °C

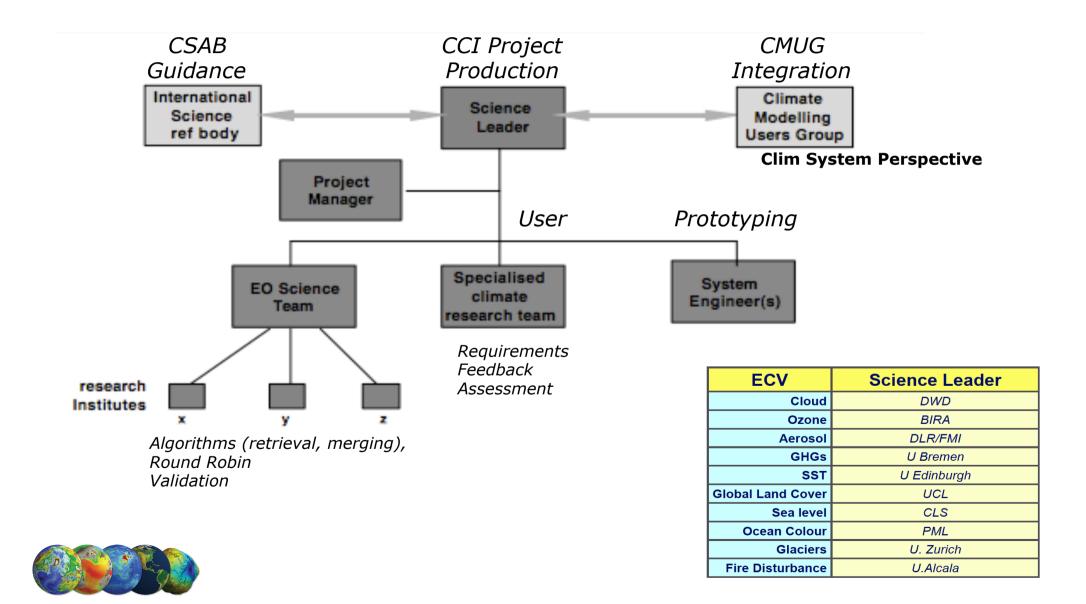


AATSR
High Accuracy
0.3K
Needed to
Capture
Climate Signal

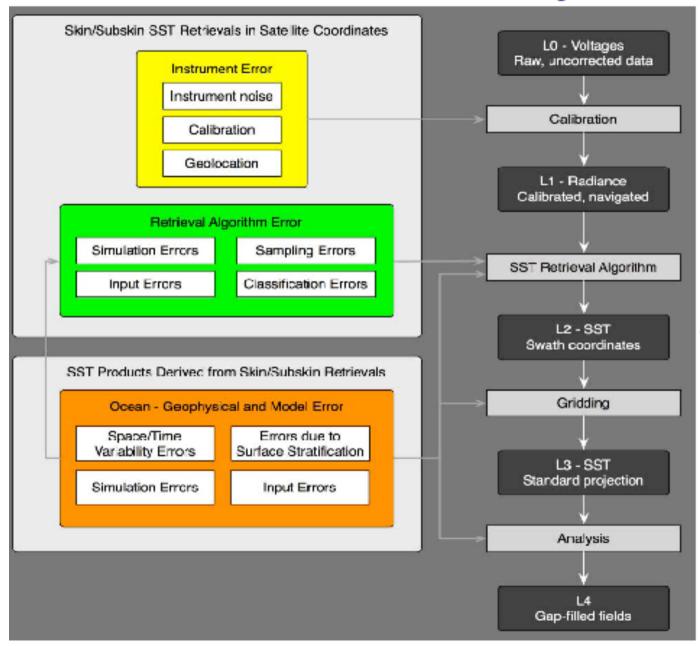




Elements of a Programme – CCI Teams



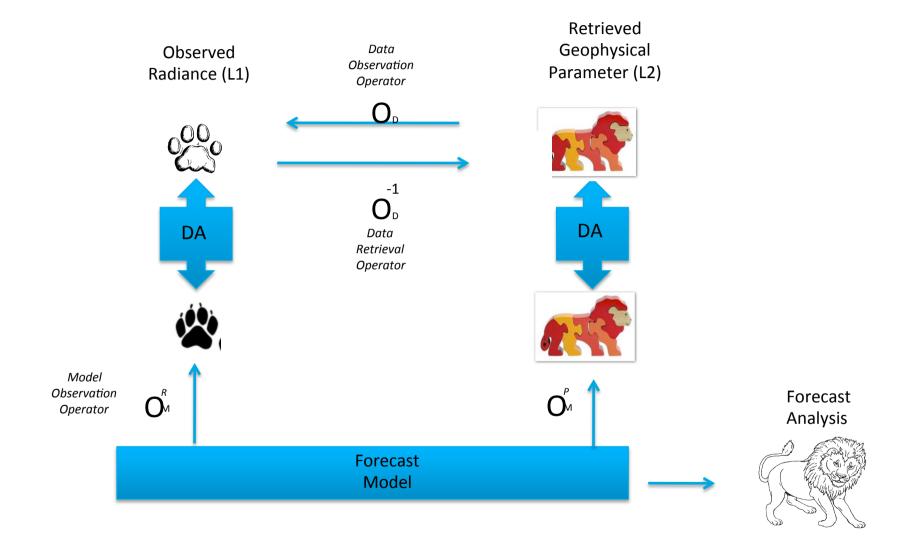
8. Uncertainty estimates



Each processing step is prone to additional error sources.

From Cornillon et al, 2010, Sea-Surface Temperature Error Budget White Paper. (http://www.ssterrorbudget.org/ISSTST/)

Multiple Confrontations ...





ESA EO Data Access



Revised ESA EO Data Policy

FREE DATASET:

- → For data collections available on-line
 - open and free of charge
 - user registration done electronically
 - for all uses (i.e. science and operational applications)







- → For all other datasets not (yet) available on-line
 - project proposals received by ESA with data <u>free of charge</u> but with data quota limit related to processing or acquisition constraints,
 - for operational SAR applications, possibility to have higher level of priority through SAR commercial Distributing Entities (or through ESA for GMES Services).





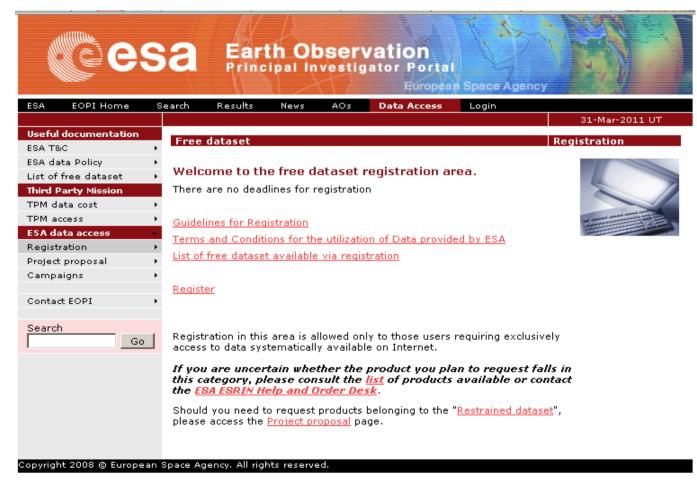






http://eopi.esa.int/Registration

- Users may also contact the ESA's Help and Order Desk,
 <u>EOHelp@esa.int</u>, for guidance on the registration process.
- Once registered, ESA's helpdesk will provide an account with ordering privileges.

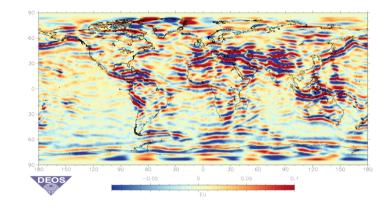




GOCE (Gravity Field & steady-state Ocean Circulation)



Observed gravity gradients (e.g. Uxx) from 260+km altitude since 2009 1-2cm geoid 100km resolution

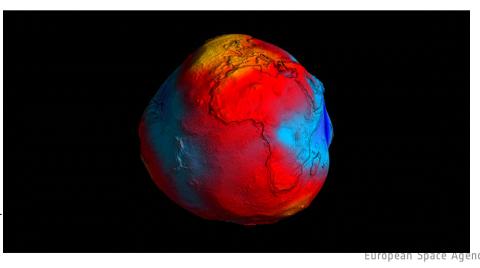


GOCE Main Objectives

global ocean circulation and transfer of heat

- + physics of the Earth's interior
- + sea level records, ice sheets and sea level change

New Geoid from GOCE recently unveiled at the Fourth International GOCE User Workshop hosted at the Technische Universität München in Munich, March 2011



http://eo-virtual-archive1.esa.int/Index.html





- → L1b Products
- → L2 Products
- → GOCE Gravity Models:

EGM_GOC_2

DIR, TIM, SPW

Welcome to ESA GOCE Virtual Archive

For all data published on this site, quality reports, software tools and other relevant information, please see the GOCE main website http://earth.esa.int/GOCE/

Available products:

GOCE Gravity	Variance and Covariance matrices for	GOCE Level 2	GOCE Level 1b
Models	GOCE Gravity Models	<u>products</u>	<u>products</u>

→ Varince/Covariance matrices for GOCE Gravity Models*

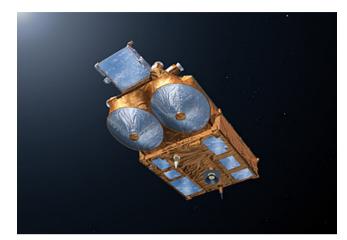
EGM_GVC_2

* → Only available on the VOA!

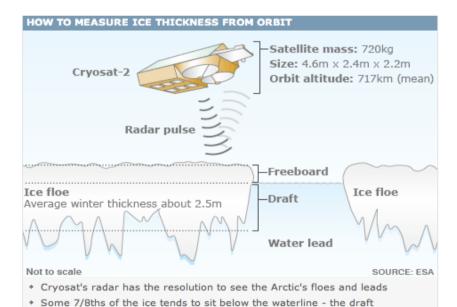


Cryosat

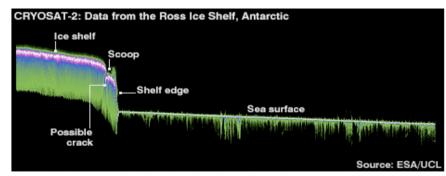




ESA Cryosat Credit ESA



The aim is to measure the freeboard - the ice part above the waterline
 Knowing this 1/8th figure allows Cryosat to work out sea ice thickness



Cryosat tracks over the Ross Ice Shelf and Ross Sea on 11 April





http://earth.esa.int/cryosat

Access to CryoSat data
CryoSat Products Overview
Access to Data Sample
Download Geographical Mode Mask
Download Ground Tracks

...plus tools to read and download data, software routines, data quality, news, etc



CUT is a tool which allows easy access and download of CryoSat products. It has a intuitive and user-friendly graphical user interface allowing for simultaneous product visualisation geographically on a 3D world map and temporally on a Gantt chart.



BRAT: the Basic Radar Altimetry Toolbox is a tool designed to use radar altimetry data, do some processing and computations and visualise the results

EOLI-SA is the known ESA online catalogue and ordering tool. For CryoSat is used only for browsing but ordering/downloading Cryosat products. Available July 2011



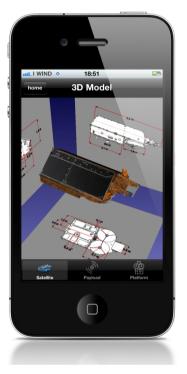
CryoView is a tool capable of opening and decoding CryoSat data. It then displays the contents as tables, graphs or as images as appropriate.





...plus other software routines











Conclusions





PERSPECTIVE

Climate Data Challenges in the 21st Century

Jonathan T. Overpeck, 1* Gerald A. Meehl, 2 Sandrine Bony, 3 David R. Easterling 4

Climate data are dramatically increasing in volume and complexity, just as the users of these data in the scientific community and the public are rapidly increasing in number. A new paradigm of more open, user-friendly data access is needed to ensure that society can reduce vulnerability to climate variability and change, while at the same time exploiting opportunities that will occur.



Data Deluge Tsunami?

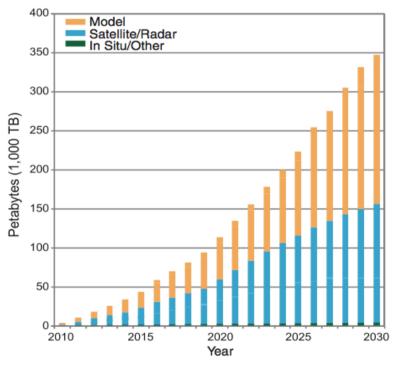


Fig. 2. The volume of worldwide climate data is expanding rapidly, creating challenges for both physical archiving and sharing, as well as for ease of access and finding what's needed, particularly if you are not a climate scientist. The figure shows the projected increase in global climate data holdings for climate models, remotely sensed data, and in situ instrumental/proxy data.

Confronting Data & Models







Miss.
Science &
Application

"No one trusts a model except the man who wrote it; Everyone trusts an observation except the man who made it." Harlow Shapley

